# Advantage



Capability Policy

PRIMARY Advantage

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# 1. Policy statement

The purpose of this Capability framework is to ensure that pupils and students receive their entitlement to a high-quality educational provision. It requires that the educational offer made by school management, teachers and support staff meets pupil and student needs, and aims to provide a fair and consistent process to bring about improvements in the accuracy and quality of work, where improvement is needed.

Governors and Headteacher/Executive Principals have a right to expect high-quality performance from staff, and members of staff have the right to expect appropriate support for their present and continuing professional development (CPD) needs.

# 2. Scope of the policy

This policy covers all members of staff who are employed within a school on a permanent, fixed-term or secondment basis, including Headteacher/Executive Principals and deputy Headteacher/Executive Principals, with the exception of support staff on probation who are covered by the Probation policy and Newly Qualified Teachers (NQTs) who are covered by the Induction policy. For the avoidance of doubt, this policy does not apply to agency workers.

# 3. The policy

### 3.1. Applying the policy

This policy and procedure should be used when the quality of work of a member of staff fails to meet an acceptable standard. However, if poor performance is due to wilful intent, sickness or disability, or is the result of drug or alcohol use, it may be necessary to apply this policy in conjunction with other relevant Human Resources (HR) policies. Guidance and advice should be sought from HR at Hackney Learning Trust.

In applying this procedure, it is important to distinguish between capability and disciplinary matters. Generally, the Disciplinary policy and procedure applies when a member of staff is capable but underperforming because of carelessness or lack of motivation/cooperation. The Capability policy and procedure applies when acceptable performance standards are not met due to professional incapability, either through ill-health or the absence of necessary skills, experience and knowledge.



# 3.2. Headteacher/Executive Principal performance

Where there are concerns regarding the performance of a Headteacher these should be referred to the Executive Principal.

If the Trust has serious concerns about the performance of a Headteacher, it must send a written report to the Executive Principal, at the same time sending a copy of the report to the Headteacher. The Executive Principal must notify the Trust in writing of the action proposed in the light of the report.

Where there are concerns regarding the performance of the Executive Principal, no action under this policy should be initiated until the Chair of Governors has sought advice and guidance from the HR provider.

If the Trust has serious concerns about the performance of the Executive Principal, it must send a written report to the Chair of the Governing Body, at the same time sending a copy of the report to the Executive Principal. The Chair must notify the Trust in writing of the action proposed in the light of the report.

# 3.3. General principles

The following general principles apply:

- The procedure will be applied objectively according to the work and circumstances of the member of staff concerned and is designed to ensure that all members of staff are treated consistently and fairly, without discrimination on grounds of gender, race, disability, age, sexual orientation, religion or any protected characteristic.
- Reasonable adjustments will be made to working arrangements for staff with a recognised disability, so as to ensure that no disabled person is placed at a disadvantage.
- The Headteacher/Executive Principal will define the standards of work required and will communicate them clearly to members of staff.
- It is important that monitoring and observations, at all stages of the procedure, should be conducted within reasonable intervals to allow the member of staff to absorb and apply advice, guidance or new knowledge.
- An informal approach of coaching and counselling should be adopted before formal
  action is implemented. However, for dealing with a serious Capability problem, it may
  be appropriate to commence the formal stage at the earliest possible opportunity.
- Any decision to initiate the formal stages of this procedure will be taken only after full
  investigation through the school's Appraisal policy and with proper safeguards for the
  member of staff.



• Each member of staff has the right of appeal against any action taken against them at the formal stages of the procedure.

# 3.4. The right to be accompanied

Management and staff are encouraged to resolve issues informally if at all possible, without the need to involve HR or unions. It is agreed that, throughout the stages of this policy, a member of staff, teaching or support, may be represented at all meetings by either a trade union representative or by a work colleague, always providing that the person does not have line management responsibilities for the member of staff. The member of staff should be informed that this is the case, by the manager, at least five working days before such a meeting is to take place.

Accompanying persons are entitled (with consent of the member of staff) to:

- Put the case forward on behalf of the member of staff.
- Confer with the member of staff during the hearing.
- Sum up the case for the member of staff.
- Respond on behalf of the member of staff to any view expressed at the hearing.
   However, accompanying persons are not entitled to:
- Answer questions on behalf of the member of staff.
- Address the hearing if the member of staff does not want them to.
- Prevent the school from explaining the case, or any other person at the hearing making a contribution to it.

# 3.5. Confidentiality

Confidentiality should be maintained by all those involved, including the member of staff, at all stages throughout the Capability procedure by ensuring that only those people who need to know have access to details. No other member of staff should be informed that a colleague is subject to action under the Capability procedure. While respecting confidentiality, it is important that the member of staff is free to discuss issues with their trade union representative or work colleague who may be able to assist or support them through what is acknowledged to be difficult circumstances. Written records of capability issues will be treated as confidential and kept no longer than is necessary in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998.

### 3.6.Timeframe

The timeframe adopted will be in accordance with the seriousness of the lack of capability of the member of staff. Consideration will be given to whether the issue is a specific or broader professional difficulty, or a very recent concern or spanning a longer period of time.



As a general rule, if a member of teaching staff has not improved to the necessary standard within one term of commencing the formal procedure, a dismissal hearing will be convened. The timescale for improvement for support staff will normally be up to half a term.

However under exceptional circumstances where the education or health and safety of the pupils is jeopardised, the period given for improvement after the date of the formal interview will be no more than four weeks.

### 3.7. Sickness absence

Reasonable steps should be taken to enable attendance at meetings and hearings, and certified absence and entitlement to sickness pay do not of themselves represent grounds for deferring this framework.

A member of staff pleading unfitness to attend a meeting or hearing must provide a medical certificate stating physical incapability of attending and/or inability on mental or psychological grounds to participate reasonably in the proceedings. Should the member of staff be unable to provide a certificate specifically justifying their absence from a capability meeting, failure to attend may constitute a disciplinary offence.

The Chair of the Panel will consider whether the meeting or hearing should go ahead in the absence of the individual. A considerate, sympathetic approach should be adopted but in general any justification for delay should be discussed with Occupational Health (OH) and HR.

If a meeting or hearing is to go ahead in the absence of the member of staff, the member of staff and the relevant trade union representative or work colleague should be notified, giving at least 5 working days' notice of the meeting. In such circumstances a full account of the meeting or hearing should be provided to the member of staff in writing, confirming any decision taken.

If sickness absence occurs before the commencement of the formal Capability procedure, the case should be referred immediately to OH to assess the person's health and fitness for continued employment. Short absences should not delay any part of the formal Capability procedure.

### 3.8. Grievance during the Capability procedure

During the Capability procedure a member of staff might raise a grievance that is related to their case. The statutory procedures in relation to this situation are complex and the procedure to be followed will primarily depend on whether the outcome of the procedure could be dismissal or action short of dismissal (excluding warnings or paid suspension).

Where a grievance is raised in direct response to the Capability procedure, the Capability procedure should be expanded to include the grievance issue, dealt with during the investigation and/or at the appeal hearing. If the findings are that the grievance issue should "stand alone" then the Grievance procedure should be undertaken. Otherwise the Capability procedure takes priority.

As a general rule:



- Where the employee's grievance relates to (contemplated) dismissal or action under the Capability procedure, the appropriate forum for addressing concerns is the investigation or appeal hearing under the Capability procedure.
- Where an employee claims that action under the Capability procedure is in itself an act
  of discrimination, it should be pursued under the Grievance procedure as a separate
  course of action.

Advice should be sought from HR for the appropriate course of action in the specific circumstances.

# 4. Summary of roles and responsibilities

# 4.1. Governors/Headteacher/Executive Principals

In respect of any member of staff they manage, all managers have responsibility to:

- Ensure standards of work are established consistently for every member of staff and that current and agreed job descriptions are in place.
- Advise, coach and support staff to ensure the role and the required standard of performance are understood.
- Ensure appropriate induction and CPD is undertaken.
- Set and monitor standards of performance and provide constructive feedback to assist staff in achieving the required levels of performance.
- Ensure staff understand the Capability procedure and their rights under the procedure if it were to be applied.
- Take action promptly and ensure that performance problems are addressed within a reasonable period of time.
- Investigate problems of work performance that may lead to formal action under the Capability procedure, gathering evidence of the shortfall and of the support provided.
- Keep written records of performance concerns and actions taken at all stages of the Capability procedure.
- Ensure the correct procedures are followed and that all correspondence regarding the capability concerns are stored in line with the Data Protection Act 1998.
- Provide current and relevant data to the Trust for monitoring purposes (see Monitoring the Capability procedure on page 17).



### 4.2. Members of staff

- Demonstrate the level of commitment required to improve performance, including taking all reasonable steps to maintain/update skills levels.
- Achieve an acceptable and sustained level of performance.
- Seek help with any work problem.
- Understand the Capability policy and procedure.
- Co-operate with any investigation into capability, and any further action that may result from such an investigation.
- Attend all relevant counselling, support or review meetings.
- Treat all information discussed during the Capability procedure as confidential, and not disclose such information to any third party (except for obtaining legal advice).
- Inform the appropriate person, in writing, of any wish to appeal against a decision taken under the formal stage of this procedure.

# 4.3. Hackney Learning Trust Human Resources (Not applicable to Voluntary aided schools)

- As the Trust Chief Executive's representative, attend any hearing which may result in the dismissal of a member of staff.
- Provide high level advice as appropriate to the Chair of Governors if the capability of a Headteacher/Executive Principal is to be considered.

### 5. Formal stage

Right to be accompanied at formal stages

A member of staff has the right to be accompanied by a trade union representative or colleague at formal stages of this procedure. If the accompanying person is not available at the proposed time, the member of staff or trade union representative may request a reasonable alternative time, within 5 working days. The five day time limit may be extended by mutual agreement.

### 5.1. Formal interview

If the "informal" stages of the Appraisal procedure do not result in the desired improvement in performance, it will be necessary to move to the formal stage. The formal stage may also be invoked before any informal discussions or counselling, where it is considered appropriate due to the seriousness of the concerns.

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The formal stage will be initiated by the Headteacher/Executive Principal/manager already dealing with the matter at the informal stage, and will deal with the performance concerns in a structured and objective manner.

A formal interview will be organised with the member of staff and will normally involve the Headteacher/Executive Principal/manager, the member of staff and, if requested, the trade union representative or work colleague who does not have any line management responsibility for the member of staff. HR may also be in attendance.

The member of staff must have at least 5 working days' notice of the formal interview. The notice must state the nature of the unsatisfactory work performance, and that the member of staff has the right to be accompanied by a trade union official or a work colleague.

The notice should indicate that the purpose of a formal interview is to:

- Decide if the performance has failed to reach the school's standards.
- Determine a course of action that will take into account the needs of the school and the interests of the member of staff.

If it becomes clear that further investigation is needed, the interview should be adjourned for an appropriate length of time to allow this to happen.

The interview may provide new information or put a different slant on evidence collected. In this case, there are a number of options for management:

- Drop the matter if the member of staff has reached the appropriate level of performance, in which case they are to be informed and a record placed on their personal file.
- Extend the review period to give the member of staff further time to improve performance before taking further formal action.
- Arrange informal counselling (except where this has already been undertaken and there
  has been no improvement).
- Transfer to a more suitable post, if the member of staff is deemed capable of carrying out a different job.

A decision should be made after all the facts and any representations from the member of staff have been considered. The Headteacher/Executive Principal/manager should adjourn the meeting to consider the appropriate option before delivering a decision.

Where continued concern about the standard of performance is justified, a written warning or a final written warning should be issued. The decision taken on which level of warning to issue will depend on the seriousness of the concern.

Where a warning is to be issued, the Headteacher/Executive Principal/manager should use the remainder of the meeting to:



- · Identify the professional shortcomings.
- Give clear guidance on the improved standard of performance needed to end the Capability procedure.
- Explain the support that will be available and how performance will be monitored over the following weeks.
- Depending on the level of warning issued, identify the timetable for improvement and agree a date for the next/final evaluation meeting.
- Make it clearly understood that failure to improve may lead to dismissal.

A letter should be sent to the member of staff soon after the formal interview, confirming the result of any investigation, the main points discussed at the interview, the decision, information about the next stages and possible outcomes if no improvements are forthcoming, and attaching a copy of any warning given.

# 5.2. Written warning

If performance is still deemed unsatisfactory a written warning will normally be the next step. A written warning should explain:

- The nature of the unsatisfactory performance.
- The improvement/action required and targets set.
- Any training/support to be provided.
- The assessment period.
- Information about the next stages and possible outcomes if no improvements are forthcoming.
- The right of appeal.

In the case of a teacher, a written warning will invoke an assessment period of no more than one term. For a member of support staff the assessment period will normally be up to half a term. The warning letter will also make it clear that if the teacher's performance becomes satisfactory before or by the end of the assessment period, the warning will be disregarded and expunged from the file after six months (oral warnings) or twelve months in the case of written warnings. A report of the warning should be placed on the teacher's file and they shall be given a copy. The acknowledgement of the teacher together with any observations/notes of dissent shall also form part of the record. An evaluation meeting will follow.

In respect of teachers the first assessment stage should be as follows:

Timeframe: Weeks 1 to 8



Action: Regular observation, monitoring and evaluation of performance, with guidance, training and support as necessary. If at any point during this stage the circumstances suggest a more serious problem, a decision may be taken to move directly to a final written warning.

Week 9: An evaluation meeting should be organised to assess performance over the previous weeks.

At least 5 working days' notice must be given for the evaluation meeting and the member of staff may be accompanied by a union representative or work colleague. HR may also be in attendance. If the level of performance has been satisfactory and there is confidence that it can be sustained, the Capability procedure can end and a letter from the Headteacher/Executive Principal/ manager will confirm this. If some improvements have been made, the meeting could be adjourned whilst further monitoring takes place.

# 5.3. Final written warning

If performance continues to be unsatisfactory a meeting should be organised and a final written warning issued. The warning should contain all of the information for a first written warning.

The warning letter will also make it clear that if the teacher's performance becomes satisfactory before or by the end of the assessment period, the final written warning will be disregarded and expunged from the file after twelve months. A report of the warning should be placed on the teacher's file and they shall be given a copy. The acknowledgement of the teacher together with any observations/notes of dissent shall also form part of the record.

Again, a trade union representative or work colleague can accompany the member of staff. HR may also be in attendance.

Formal monitoring, evaluation, guidance and support should continue for a further period. Arrangements for this should be explained at the meeting. The member of staff must be told clearly that failure to achieve an acceptable sustained standard of performance may result in dismissal

The decision and main points of the meeting should be recorded in a letter to the member of staff. Any appeal against a final written warning must be made within 5 working days and must not interrupt the progress of the procedure, unless the appeal decision leads to the matter being reconsidered.

The Second Assessment stage for teachers should be as follows:

Timeframe: Weeks 9 to 12

Action: Regular monitoring and evaluation of performance, with guidance, training and support as necessary.

Week 13: A final evaluation meeting should be organised to report the assessment of performance over the previous weeks.



At least 5 working days' notice must be given for the final evaluation meeting and the member of staff may be accompanied by a union representative or work colleague. HR may also be in attendance. If the level of performance has been satisfactory and there is confidence that it can be sustained, the Capability procedure can end and a letter from the Headteacher/Executive Principal/manager will confirm this. If some improvements have been made, the meeting could be adjourned whilst further monitoring takes place.

If performance is still unsatisfactory after a final assessment period, the member of staff should be told that the matter will be referred to a dismissal hearing. The result of the assessment, main points of the meeting and date of the dismissal hearing (if known), should be recorded in a letter to the member of staff.

# 5.4. Dismissal hearing

# 5.4.1. Regulations governing dismissal

For maintained schools, under the Education Act 2002, the Governing Body has overall responsibility for all staff dismissals at the school. With the exception of the dismissal of a Headteacher/Executive Principal, it may delegate these responsibilities to the Headteacher/Executive Principal, an individual governor or a group of governors with or without the Headteacher/Executive Principal.

For voluntary aided schools the Governing Body has overall responsibility for all staff dismissals at the school. It may delegate these responsibilities to the Headteacher/Executive Principal, an individual governor or a group of governors with or without the Headteacher/Executive Principal.

Where the Headteacher/Executive Principal has been directly involved in any Capability procedure which may lead to dismissal of the member of staff, the Governing Body may consider applying alternative arrangements for delegating initial dismissal decisions, which may include decisions being made by an individual governor or group of governors with or without the Headteacher/Executive Principal.

Where the Headteacher/Executive Principal is not exercising delegated responsibility for dismissal (or the Headteacher/Executive Principal is being considered for dismissal) the decision should be delegated to a hearing of at least three governors unless there are not enough governors who have not been involved in any previous action or decision connected with the dismissal. In this case the decision should be delegated to two governors, one of whom will be nominated to chair the hearing. If this alternative arrangement is decided, the Headteacher/Executive Principal has a right to attend to offer advice regarding cases involving staff. A representative from HR at the Trust will advise the panel on procedural matters and matters of precedent.

Headteacher/Executive Principals will normally be expected to lead on all initial staff dismissal decisions and appeals against the decision should be heard by governors. It is recommended that the Headteacher/Executive Principal involves other governors in dismissal procedures, for example in hearing representations at a dismissal hearing, but the final decision should be made by the Headteacher/Executive Principal.



In community and maintained schools, the Local Authority is ultimately the employer for these education establishments and any decision to dismiss an employee must be confirmed by the Local Authority before it is effective. Therefore, the Director of Education at Hackney Learning Trust must issue the dismissal notice to the employee, confirming the decision made by the Governing body. Please see further guidance on Dismissal Procedures in Schools.

For voluntary aided schools, the Governing Body is the employer and any decision is effective immediately.

The Governing Body should also set up a Staff Appeal Committee, also with a minimum of three members, to hear any appeal against a dismissal decision. The Staff Appeal Committee will be able to overrule the Staff Dismissal Committee.

The membership of the two committees will comprise different members of the Governing Body in each case.

It is also recommended that the hearing should comprise the Headteacher/Executive Principal (who will chair the hearing) and at least one governor, other than the Chair of Governors who may be needed to attend any appeal hearing. Again, a representative from HR at the Trust will advise the panel on procedural matters and matters of precedent.

# 5.4.2. The hearing

The member of staff should be given at least 10 days written notice before the dismissal hearing is to take place (to allow the individual time to arrange to be represented), the date, time and location of the hearing, the details and nature of the capability concerns, and the right to be accompanied by a trade union representative or work colleague. Both parties should present documentation and provide details of relevant witnesses 2 days prior to the dismissal hearing. The submission of late evidence (in particular, evidence submitted on the day of the hearing) will only be admitted at the discretion of the hearing panel, and only under exceptional circumstances if there are mitigating circumstances.

At the hearing the Chair of the Panel will outline the capability concerns, and introduce any witnesses as necessary. The member of staff and/or accompanying person will then be invited to offer explanation, call witnesses if appropriate, or speak in mitigation. The member of staff should be given an opportunity to provide a concluding statement. All parties should be allowed to ask questions throughout the proceedings. In some cases it may be necessary to defer proceedings for further information, and reconvene at a later date.

The panel will adjourn to determine whether or not to dismiss. The decision does not need to be taken immediately if the Headteacher/Executive Principal/panel requires additional time to assess all the information; however the member of staff should be notified of the decision as soon as possible after the hearing.

The Governing Body will then confirm the decision in writing to the member of staff concerned. The HR representative from the Trust who advised the panel will also advise on the required content of the letter.



### 5.4.3. Dismissal

For maintained schools, where the decision is taken to dismiss, the letter confirming this must include the reasons for dismissal, the date employment terminates and the right of appeal. Where a Governing Body determines that any person ultimately employed by the London Borough of Hackney should cease to work at the school, notification of the decision and the reasons for it must be sent to the Trust. The Director of Education at the Trust must then issue the dismissal notice to the employee, confirming the decision made by the Governing body.

For voluntary aided schools, where the decision is taken to dismiss, the letter confirming this must include the reasons for dismissal, the date employment terminates and the right of appeal. The decision to dismiss is effective immediately.

If a decision is made to dismiss under this Capability procedure, the date of the dismissal will normally be the date on which the decision is communicated to the member of staff. For example, if the decision is in writing, the dismissal will be effective from the date of the letter. The member of staff would not normally be expected to work notice in such circumstances and may therefore be entitled to payment in lieu of notice in accordance with the contract of employment.

# 5.5.Appeals

The Governing Body must give any member of staff against whom an initial dismissal decision has been made, an opportunity to appeal against that decision. This must be delegated to an appeal hearing of at least three governors who have not been involved in any previous action or decision connected with the dismissal. Where there are not enough such governors available, the appeal may be heard by two governors, but there should be no fewer than the number that made the initial decision.

The purpose of an appeal is for the member of staff to request the overturning of a decision, which they deem as unfair or unreasonable, for example because they believe the penalty/action was unduly severe, new evidence has come to light, or the proper procedure was not followed in the original hearing.

Written notice of appeal must be submitted within 5 working days of being notified of the decision and should clearly state the grounds for appeal, as above.

Appeal hearings should be held within fifteen days after receipt of the appeal. Ten days notice of the date of the meeting is to be given to all parties. The Staff Appeals Committee can confirm the decision to remove, impose a lesser penalty or order that no action be taken.

The member of staff should be given 10 days notice written notification of the date, time and location of the hearing and the right to be accompanied by a trade union representative or work colleague. Both parties should present documentation and provide details of relevant witnesses 2 days prior to the appeal hearing. The submission of late evidence (in particular, evidence submitted on the day of the appeal hearing) will only be admitted at the discretion of the hearing panel, and only under exceptional circumstances if there are mitigating circumstances.



A representative of the dismissal hearing and the HR representative who advised that panel, should attend the appeal hearing to present evidence and the outcome of the panel's decision. Another HR representative from the Trust will advise the appeal panel.

During an appeal hearing the member of staff shall be given a full opportunity to state the grounds for their appeal and present new evidence (if any). All parties should be allowed to ask questions throughout the proceedings

Once the relevant issues have been thoroughly explored, the appeal hearing will be adjourned in order for a decision to be taken. The decision does not need to be taken immediately if the panel requires additional time to assess all the information; however the member of staff should be notified of the decision as soon as possible after the hearing.

The Governing Body will then confirm the appeal decision in writing to the member of staff concerned. The HR representative who advised the appeal panel will also advise on the required content of the letter.

The decision of the appeal panel will be final and binding on all parties concerned. No further appeals are allowed and there is no further recourse under this procedure.

It is the responsibility of the school to retain all relevant records for a period to be determined by the panel. The appeal hearing panel will inform the Trust of the outcome of the appeal.

# 6. Monitoring the Capability procedure

This policy will be regularly monitored to ensure that the purpose of the policy is being achieved, those using the procedure abide by the operating principles and procedures, and that the standards expected of school management and staff are being achieved.

To comply with the specific employment duty as set out in the Race Relations Act 1976 (Statutory Duties) Order 2001, The Hackney Learning Trust will monitor, by reference to racial groups, the numbers of staff from each such group who are subject to the formal Capability procedure and publish the results of its monitoring on an annual basis. In addition, HR will also monitor use of this procedure by gender and age.

# 7. Toolkit

Related policies

- Probation policy
- Induction policy
- Disciplinary policy and procedure
- Appraisal policy



Grievance

### 8. Further information

Further information and advice may be obtained from your HR service provider with regard to the day to day management and early stages of capability management, and from HR at Hackney Learning Trust where a meeting or hearing will potentially lead to dismissal.

he governing body is committed to being a fair and reasonable employer and expects reasonable standards of conduct from employees. It will support employees through guidance, information, advice, training or other suitable approaches to achieve acceptable standards of conduct.

However, from time to time an employee's conduct/performance may fall below the required standards. This policy provides a framework to ensure that, where necessary, an employee can improve their conduct to an acceptable level. It also ensures that conduct issues are managed fairly and consistently across the organisation.

Policy written:	May 2019
Amended/Updated:	
Adopted by the governing body:	September 2019
Review date	September 2021

The governing body have reviewed this policy with careful consideration of our approach to equalities as outlined in the Equalities Policy, December 2016.

We would like to acknowledge the work of other colleagues in drafting this policy. We have drawn on a range of sources including policies from other schools, good practice guides, published schemes and LA and Statutory guidelines where appropriate.

















